# FINANCIAL STATEMENTS AND INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORTS NONPROFIT LEADERSHIP CENTER OF TAMPA BAY, INC.

December 31, 2023

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Member American Institute of Certified Public Accountants Florida Institute of Certified Public Accountants

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Cesar J. Rivero, in Memoriam (1942-2017)

#### INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Board of Directors Nonprofit Leadership Center of Tampa Bay, Inc.

#### **Report on Audit of Financial Statements**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of Nonprofit Leadership Center of Tampa Bay, Inc. (a nonprofit organization) (NLC), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2023, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, cash flows, and functional expenses for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of NLC as of December 31, 2023, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of NLC and to meet our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about NLC's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that the financial statements are available to be issued.

#### **Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements**

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion.

Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether
  due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks.
   Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and
  disclosures in the financial statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit
  procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of
  expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of NLC's internal control. Accordingly, no such
  opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about NLC's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

#### **Report on Summarized Comparative Information**

We have previously audited NLC's 2022 financial statements, and our report dated April 21, 2023, expressed an unmodified opinion on those audited financial statements. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2022, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

#### Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated April 26, 2024, on our consideration of NLC's internal control over financial reporting and on our test of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters.

The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of NLC's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering NLC's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Buiero, Dordiner & Georgany, P.A

Tampa, Florida April 26, 2024

### STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

# December 31, 2023 (With comparative totals for 2022)

	Without donor restrictions		n donor rictions	Total		De	cember 31, 2022 Total
ASSETS							
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	270,461	\$ -	\$	270,461	\$	295,460
Accounts receivable		13,933	-		13,933		25,911
Pledges receivable		-	-		-		4,592
Prepaid expenses and other assets		12,872	-		12,872		20,681
Beneficial interest in assets held by others (note C)		346,721	-		346,721		315,007
Property and equipment, net of accumulated depreciation (note D)		214,887	-		214,887		140,770
Right of use operating lease, net (note E)		212,836	-		212,836		295,224
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,071,710	\$ -	\$	1,071,710	\$	1,097,645
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS							
Accounts payable and accrued expenses	\$	15,821	\$ -	\$	15,821	\$	22,646
Deferred revenue		105,301	-		105,301		85,203
Lease liability (note E)		228,053	-		228,053		297,271
Total liabilities		349,175	-		349,175		405,120
Net assets (note F)		722,535	-		722,535		692,525
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS	\$	1,071,710	\$ -	\$	1,071,710	\$	1,097,645

### STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES AND CHANGES IN NET ASSETS

# For the year ended December 31, 2023 (With comparative totals for 2022)

	Without donor restrictions		With donor restrictions		Total		2022 Total
	163	SUICUOIIS	16311	ictions	_	Total	 TOtal
PUBLIC SUPPORT AND REVENUE							
Contributions and grants	\$	531,964	\$	-	\$	531,964	\$ 495,259
Contributions in-kind		229,688		-		229,688	201,548
Program service revenue							
Children's Board of Hillsborough County		180,204		-		180,204	168,792
Juvenile Welfare Board		40,810		-		40,810	27,039
Training		404,803		-		404,803	398,631
Investment return (note C)		34,345		-		34,345	(38,709)
Other income		476		-		476	327
Total public support and revenue		1,422,290				1,422,290	 1,252,887
Net assets released from restrictions							 -
Total public support, revenue and net							
assets released from restrictions		1,422,290		-		1,422,290	 1,252,887
EXPENSES							
Program services							
Program seminars, training and consulting		1,124,602		-		1,124,602	 1,081,048
Supporting services							
Management and general		189,788		-		189,788	172,451
Fundraising		77,890				77,890	71,783
Total supporting services		267,678				267,678	244,234
Total expenses		1,392,280				1,392,280	1,325,282
Change in net assets		30,010		-		30,010	(72,395)
Net assets at beginning of year		692,525				692,525	764,920
Net assets at end of year	\$	722,535	\$		\$	722,535	\$ 692,525

### STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS

# For the year ended December 31, 2023

Cash flows from operating activities		
Change in net assets	\$	30,010
Adjustments to reconcile change in net assets to net cash		
used by operating activities		
Depreciation		23,123
Non-cash contribution of capital assets		(65,884)
Right of use asset amortization		82,388
Realized and unrealized gain on investments		(31,714)
Decrease in accounts receivable		11,978
Decrease in pledges receivable		4,592
Decrease in prepaid expenses and other assets		7,809
Decrease in accounts payable and accrued expenses		(6,825)
Increase in deferred revenue		20,098
Payments on lease liability		(69,218)
Total adjustments		(23,653)
Net cash provided by operating activities		6,357
Cash used by investing activities		
Capital expenditures		(31,356)
Net cash used by investing activities		(31,356)
Net decrease in cash and cash equivalents		(24,999)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of year		295,460
Cash and cash equivalents at end of year	\$	270,461
Schedule of non-cash activities  Non-cash operating	•	05.004
Contribution of capital assets	\$	65,884

### STATEMENT OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

For the year ended December 31, 2023 (With comparative totals for 2022)

### **Supporting Services**

	Ť	ram Seminars, raining and Consulting	nagement d General	Fui	ndraising	Total upporting Services	Total	2022 Total
Salaries	\$	417,034	\$ 60,474	\$	47,813	\$ 108,287	\$ 525,321	\$ 541,010
Employee taxes and benefits		76,382	11,076		8,758	19,834	96,216	103,292
Computer support		8,140	1,470		1,695	3,165	11,305	11,106
Conferences		128,382	-		-	-	128,382	137,620
Contractual services		184,286	7,679		-	7,679	191,965	170,893
Equipment leases and repairs		7,906	1,428		1,647	3,075	10,981	9,248
Dues and subscriptions		18,100	3,268		3,771	7,039	25,139	8,175
Insurance		6,023	5,787		-	5,787	11,810	11,245
Miscellaneous		6,124	1,878		162	2,040	8,164	11,065
Rent expense		72,939	10,215		8,630	18,845	91,784	86,963
Postage and delivery		241	44		50	94	335	347
Professional fees		52,888	28,478		-	28,478	81,366	33,529
In-kind services		110,813	47,491		-	47,491	158,304	148,468
Supplies		15,305	2,764		3,190	5,954	21,259	22,736
Telephone		1,663	1,598		-	1,598	3,261	2,929
Volunteer recognition		-	3,565		-	3,565	3,565	2,713
Depreciation		18,376	2,573		2,174	 4,747	 23,123	 23,943
Total expenses	\$	1,124,602	\$ 189,788	\$	77,890	\$ 267,678	\$ 1,392,280	\$ 1,325,282

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2023

# NOTE A - DESCRIPTION OF THE ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A description of the organization and a summary of its significant accounting policies consistently applied in the preparation of the accompanying financial statements follow:

#### 1. Organization and Activities

Nonprofit Leadership Center of Tampa Bay, Inc. (NLC) was incorporated in the State of Florida on September 20, 2000, as a tax-exempt 501(c)(3) nonprofit organization. NLC believes the work of nonprofits drives positive change in a society. NLC believes knowledge gained and shared collectively fosters leadership. The mission of Nonprofit Leadership Center is to develop and connect nonprofit leaders to strengthen organizations and our community. Training is conducted by subject matter experts in all areas of nonprofit operations with special emphasis on board governance, financial management, fund development, and executive management.

#### 2. Basis of Accounting

The accompanying financial statements, presented on the accrual basis of accounting, have been prepared to focus on NLC as a whole and to present balances and transactions according to the existence or absence of donor-imposed restrictions. This has been accomplished by the classification of assets, liabilities, and net assets into two groups – with donor restrictions and without donor restrictions.

These two groups are defined as follows:

- Net assets without donor restrictions the portion of the organization's net assets that is not subject to donor-imposed restrictions.
- <u>Net assets with donor restrictions</u> the portion of the organization's net assets that is subject to donor-imposed restrictions

A donor-imposed restriction is a stipulation that specifies a use for a contributed asset that is more specific than broad limits resulting from the nature of the organization, the environment in which it operates, or its mission. A donor-imposed restriction may be temporary or permanent. Temporary restrictions may be fulfilled by actions of the organization to meet the stipulations or be fulfilled by the passage of time. Permanent restrictions stipulate that the resources must be maintained in perpetuity.

#### 3. Financial Accounting Standards

NLC follows the provisions of the Financial Accounting Standards Boards Accounting Standards Codification ("FASB ASC").

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2023

# NOTE A - DESCRIPTION OF THE ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

FASB ASC 958-605 requires NLC to distinguish between contributions that are subject to donor-imposed restrictions and those that are not subject to donor-imposed restrictions. It also requires recognition of contributed services meeting certain criteria at fair values.

FASB ASC 958-205 establishes standards for general purpose external financial statements of not-for-profit organizations that require a statement of financial position, a statement of activities, a statement of cash flows, and a statement of functional expenses.

FASB ASC 606 establishes standards for recognizing revenue to depict the transfer of goods or services transferred to customers at a point in time and revenue from goods or services transferred to customers over time.

#### 4. Cash Equivalents

Cash equivalents consist of highly liquid short-term market instruments and certificates of deposit with a maturity of three months or less when purchased. NLC had no restricted cash at December 31, 2023.

#### 5. Accounts Receivable

Accounts receivable consist of amounts owed to NLC for training activities. None of the accounts receivable at December 31, 2023 are deemed to be uncollectible. Therefore, no provision for uncollectible amounts has been made in the accompanying financial statements.

#### 6. Pledges Receivable

Pledges receivable represent unconditional promises to give by donors. The fair value of pledges receivable is estimated by discounting expected net future cash flows using a rate of return based on the yield of a U.S. Treasury Security with a maturity date similar to the expected collection period. NLC had no pledges receivable at December 31, 2023.

#### 7. Beneficial Interest in Assets Held by Others

Beneficial interest in assets held by others represents investment reserve funds with the Community Foundation of Tampa Bay, Inc. and are reported at fair value. Realized and unrealized gains and losses are included in the statements of activities and changes in net assets. Investment and administrative fees are netted against investment income (loss).

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2023

# NOTE A - DESCRIPTION OF THE ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

#### 8. Property and Equipment

Property and equipment are stated at cost, less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation expense is computed using the straight-line method over the estimated useful lives of the related assets ranging from 3 to 7 years. NLC capitalized all purchases that exceeded \$1,000 at December 31, 2023.

#### 9. Deferred Revenue

Deferred revenue represents sponsorship and registration fees received by NLC prior to the period to which they relate. Such amounts are recognized as revenue at the point in time when the related services are performed.

#### 10. Leases

NLC determines whether a contract contains a lease at inception by determining if the contract conveys the right to control the use of identified property, plant, or equipment for a period of time in exchange for consideration. NLC has lease agreements with lease and non-lease components, which are generally accounted for separately with amounts allocated to the lease and non-lease components based on relative stand-alone prices. Right-of-use ("ROU") assets and lease liabilities are recognized at the commencement date based on the present value of the future minimum lease payments over the lease term. Renewal and termination clauses that are factored into the determination of the lease term if it is reasonably certain that these options would be exercised by NLC. Lease assets are amortized over the lease term unless there is a transfer of title or purchase option reasonably certain of exercise, in which case the asset life is used. Certain of our lease agreements include variable payments. Variable lease payments not dependent on an index or rate primarily consist of common area maintenance charges and are not included in the calculation of the ROU asset and lease liability and are expensed as incurred. In order to determine the present value of lease payments, NLC uses the implicit rate when it is readily determinable. As most of NLC's leases do not provide an implicit rate, management uses the risk-free treasury rate at the time of lease inception.

NLC has elected not to recognize leases with terms of 12 months or less on the statements of financial position and instead recognize the lease payments on a straight-line basis over the term of the lease and variable lease payments in the period in which the obligation for the payments is incurred. Therefore, our short-term lease expense for the period does not reflect our ongoing short-term lease commitments.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2023

# NOTE A - DESCRIPTION OF THE ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

#### 11. Contributions and Grants

Contributions are recorded as received and are considered to be available for unrestricted use unless specifically restricted by the donor. Unconditional promises to give are recorded when an unconditional promise to give is received from the donor. If a restriction is fulfilled in the same time period in which the contribution is received, NLC reports the contribution as being without donor restrictions.

Conditional promises to give are recognized when the conditions on which they depend are substantially met. Unconditional promises to give, due in the current year, are recorded at their net realizable value. Unconditional promises to give, due in subsequent years, are reported at the present value of their net realizable value, using risk-free interest rates applicable to the years in which the promises are to be received.

NLC receives grants from various charitable foundations and other foundations.

#### 12. <u>Contributions In-Kind</u>

NLC recognizes revenue for the fair value of contributed services that create or enhance non-financial assets or require specialized skills and would typically be purchased if not provided by donation. The fair value of these services totaled \$229,688 for the year ended December 31, 2023.

A number of other unpaid volunteers have made significant contributions of time to NLC. The value of this contributed time is not reflected in the accompanying financial statements because it does not create or enhance non-financial assets or require specialized skills.

#### 13. Program Service Revenue

Program service revenue includes funds received for training, conferences, and services provided to nonprofit organizations. Program service revenue is recognized at the point in time in which the related event takes place or the related service is provided. For amounts received in advance, the revenue is deferred until the event takes place or service is provided. NLC's agreements with customers typically contain only one performance obligation, and do not contain variable consideration or significant financing components.

#### 14. Income Tax Status

NLC has received a determination of tax-exempt status under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code. Management is not aware of any activities that would jeopardize NLC's tax exempt status. NLC is not aware of any tax positions it has taken that are subject to a significant degree of uncertainty. Tax years after December 31, 2019 remain subject to examination by federal and state taxing authorities.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2023

# NOTE A - DESCRIPTION OF THE ORGANIZATION AND SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES - Continued

#### 15. Allocation of Functional Expenses

Cost of providing services have been detailed in the Statement of Functional Expenses and summarized on a functional basis in the Statement of Activities and Changes in Net Assets.

Expenses that can be identified with a specific program or support service are allocated directly according to their natural expenditure classification. Other expenses have been allocated based on utilization of personnel time and space utilized by program services and supporting services.

#### 16. Concentration of Credit Risk

Financial instruments that potentially subject NLC to concentrations of credit risk are primarily cash and cash equivalents. NLC's cash deposits are placed in financial institutions which at times may exceed the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) coverage. NLC has not experienced any losses in its cash deposits and does not believe it is exposed to any significant credit risks related to uninsured amounts.

#### 17. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### **NOTE B - LIQUIDITY**

NLC has \$631,115 of financial assets available within one year of the date of the statement of financial position. This consists of \$270,461 of cash and cash equivalents, \$13,933 of accounts receivable, and a \$346,721 beneficial interest in assets held by others. None of the financial assets are subject to donor restrictions that make them unavailable for general expenditures within one year of the balance sheet date. The beneficial interest in assets held by others may be liquidated and used for general expenditures at any time with approval by 75% of NLC's board of directors.

NLC keeps cash and cash equivalents on hand at the level needed to satisfy its financial obligations as they are due. As part of its liquidity management, NLC invests cash in excess of daily requirements in the beneficial interest in assets held by others.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2023

#### NOTE C - BENEFICIAL INTEREST IN ASSETS HELD BY OTHERS

NLC established three Agency Reserve Funds with the Community Foundation of Tampa Bay, Inc. for the benefit of NLC. These funds are considered non-endowed funds and distributions may be requested requiring 75 percent (75%) board of director's approval.

Amounts classified as beneficial interest in assets held by others of NLC consist of the following at December 31, 2023:

Agency reserve funds at Community Foundation	
of Tampa Bay (Short Term)	\$ 159,508
Agency reserve funds at Community Foundation	
of Tampa Bay (Intermediate Term)	88,432
Agency reserve funds at Community Foundation	
of Tampa Bay (Long Term)	98,781
	\$ 346,721

The components of investment return for the year ended December 31, 2023 are as follows:

Dividends and interest	\$ 11,060
Realized and unrealized gains	26,312
Investment fees	 (3,027)
	\$ 34,345

#### NOTE D - PROPERTY AND EQUIPMENT

Property and equipment consisted of the following at December 31, 2023:

Office equipment	\$ 175,406
Leasehold improvements	19,843
Website	60,960
Less accumulated depreciation	 (185,580)
	 70,629
Assets not in service	144,258
	 _
Total property and equipment	\$ 214,887

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2023

#### NOTE E - OPERATING LEASE

NLC leases office space under a non-cancelable operating lease commencing April 1, 2018 and ending July 2026. NLC's lease does not provide an implicit rate, and accordingly has chosen to use a discount rate of 1.37%, the risk-free treasury rate at the lease commencement month. As of December 31, 2023, NLC had an operating right-of-use asset, net of accumulated amortization, of \$212,836 and related lease liability of \$228,053.

Maturities relating to the operating lease are as follows:

Year ending December 31,	
2024	\$ 88,100
2025	90,081
2026	53,842
Total future minimum payments	232,023
Discounted to present value	 (3,970)
	\$ 228,053

Rent expense totaled approximately \$92,000 for the year ended December 31, 2023.

#### NOTE F - NET ASSETS WITH DONOR RESTRICTIONS

Net assets with donor restrictions contain donor-imposed restrictions that expire upon the passage of time or once specific actions are undertaken by NLC.

The net assets are then released and reclassified to net assets without donor restrictions when these restrictions are satisfied. There are no donor restricted net assets at December 31, 2023.

#### NOTE G - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS

The Financial Accounting Standards Board's *Accounting Standards Codification 820* establishes a framework for measuring fair value. That framework provides a fair value hierarchy that prioritizes the inputs to valuation techniques used to measure fair value. The hierarchy gives the highest priority to unadjusted quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities (level 1 measurement), a middle priority to quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities (level 2 measurements), and the lowest priority to unobservable inputs (level 3 measurements).

The three levels of the fair value hierarchy under the Fair Value Measurement and Disclosure Topic are described as follows:

Level 1 - Quoted market prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities in active markets that the entity has the ability to access as of the measurement date.

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2023

#### NOTE G - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS - Continued

Level 2 - Significant other observable inputs other than Level 1 prices such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable can be corroborated by observable market data.

Level 3 - Significant unobservable inputs that reflect a reporting entity's own assumptions about the assumptions that market participants would use in pricing an asset or liability.

In many cases, a valuation technique used to measure fair value includes inputs from multiple levels of fair value hierarchy. The lowest level of significant input determines the placement of the entire fair value measurement in the hierarchy.

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies used for significant assets measured at fair value at December 31, 2023:

Beneficial interest in assets held by others: Consists of agency reserve funds held by a community foundation. These assets are measured as reported by the community foundation and are not traded on the active market.

The methods described above may produce a fair value calculation that may not be indicative of the net realizable value or reflective of future fair values.

Furthermore, while NLC believes its valuation methods are appropriate and consistent with other market participants, the use of different methodologies or assumptions to determine the fair value of certain financial instruments could result in a different fair value measurement at the reporting date.

The following table presents financial assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis as of December 31, 2023:

	Fair Value		 vel 1 puts	 vel 2 puts	 Level 3 Inputs
Beneficial interest in assets held by others	\$	346,721	\$ 	\$ 	\$ 346,721
Total	\$	346,721	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 346,721

#### NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - CONTINUED

December 31, 2023

#### NOTE G - FAIR VALUE MEASUREMENTS - Continued

The following illustrates a roll forward for all assets and liabilities measured at fair value on a recurring basis using significant unobservable inputs (level 3) for the year ended December 31, 2023:

Assets	_	
Beneficial interest in assets held by others at December 31, 2022 Contributions	\$	315,007
Interest and dividends		- 8,429
Realized and unrealized gains Fees		26,312 (3,027)
Beneficial interest in assets held by others at December 31, 2023	\$	346,721
Beneficial interest in assets field by others at Beschiber 51, 2020	Ψ	0-10,721

#### NOTE H - EMPLOYEE BENEFIT PLAN

NLC maintains a defined contribution plan covering substantially all employees.

Employee benefit costs under the plan were approximately \$17,600 for the year ended December 31, 2023.

#### NOTE I - SUBSEQUENT EVENTS

NLC has evaluated events and transactions occurring subsequent to December 31, 2023 as of April 26, 2024 which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.

COMPLIANCE REPORT

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

NONPROFIT LEADERSHIP CENTER OF TAMPA BAY, INC.

For the year ended December 31, 2023



Member
American Institute of Certified Public Accountants
Florida Institute of Certified Public Accountants

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INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL
OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND
OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL
STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH
GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Board of Directors Nonprofit Leadership Center of Tampa Bay, Inc.

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of Nonprofit Leadership Center of Tampa Bay, Inc. (a nonprofit organization) (NLC), which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2023, and the related statements of activities and changes in net assets, cash flows, and functional expenses for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated April 26, 2024.

#### Report on Internal Control over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered NLC's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of NLC's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of NLC's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected, and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that have not been identified.

#### **Report on Compliance and Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether NLC's financial statements are free of material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

#### **Purpose of this Report**

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of NLC's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Buiero, Dordiner & Gormany, O.A

Tampa, Florida April 26, 2024